Amendments to the Claims

- 1-265 (Canceled)
- 266. (New) A method of increasing starch recovery from maize seed, the method comprising:
 - a) steeping transgenic maize seeds comprising at least one cellulase to produce steeped seed;
 - b) grinding said steeped seed to produce a maize slurry; and
 - c) obtaining starch from maize seed.
- 267. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the seed is steeped at about 0ppm to about 2000ppm Sulfur dioxide.
- 268. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the seed is steeped at about 37°C to about 50°C.
- 269. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the seed is steeped for at least 24 hours.
- 270. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the cellulase is an endoglucanase.
- 271. (New) The method of claim 270, wherein the endoglucanase is a thermostable endoglucanase.
- 272. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the cellulase is a cellobiohydrolase.
- 273. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein said maize slurry further comprises a protease.
- 274. (New) The method of claim 273, wherein the protease is Bromelain.
- 275. (New) The method of claim 273, wherein the protease is incorporated into the maize genome and expressed by the plant.

- 276. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the cellulase is targeted to any one of the groups consisting of endoplasmic reticulum, vacuole, chloroplast, starch granule, or cell wall of the plant.
- 277. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the maize slurry comprises an endoglucanase and a cellobiohydrolase.
- 278. (New) The method of claim 266, wherein the maize slurry comprises an endoglucanase, cellobiohydrolase and a protease.
- 279. (New) The method of claim 278, wherein the cellobiohydrolase is added exogenously.
- 280. (New) The method of claim 278, wherein the protease is added exogenously.
- 281. (New) A method for reducing Sulfur dioxide in a wet milling process, the method comprising:
 - a) steeping transgenic maize seeds comprising at least one cellulase to produce steeped seed;
 - b) grinding said steeped seed to produce a maize slurry; and
 - c) reducing Sulfur dioxide in said wet milling process.